press, or meetings with onsite contractors.

- (b) Calendar entries. The calendar will specify for each entry the date, person(s), and subject matter involved. If a large number of persons are in attendance, the name of each individual need not be specified. When more than one FDA representative is in attendance, the most senior agency official will report the meeting on the public calendar.
- (c) Affected persons. The following FDA representatives are subject to the requirements of this section:
 - (1) Commissioner of Food and Drugs.
 - (2) Senior Associate Commissioners.
 - (3) Deputy Commissioners.
- (4) Associate Commissioner for Regulatory Affairs.
 - (5) Center Directors.
- (6) Chief Counsel for the Food and Drug Administration.
- (d) *Public display*. The public calendar will be placed on public display at the following locations:
 - (1) Division of Dockets Management.
- (2) Office of the Associate Commissioner for Public Affairs.
- (3) The FDA home page, to the extent feasible.

[66 FR 6468, Jan. 22, 2001]

§ 10.105 Representation by an organization.

- (a) An organization may represent its members by filing petitions, comments, and objections, and otherwise participating in an administrative proceeding subject to this part.
- (b) A petition, comment, objection, or other representation by an organization will not abridge the right of a member to take individual action of a similar type, in the member's own name.
- (c) It is requested that each organization participating in FDA administrative proceedings file annually with the Division of Dockets Management a current list of all of the members of the organization.
- (d) The filing by an organization of an objection or request for hearing under §§12.20 through 12.22 does not provide a member a legal right with respect to the objection or request for hearing that the member may individually exercise. A member of an organi-

zation wishing to file an objection or request for hearing must do so individually.

(e) In a court proceeding in which an organization participates, the Commissioner will take appropriate legal measures to have the case brought or considered as a class action or otherwise as binding upon all members of the organization except those specifically excluded by name. Regardless of whether the case is brought or considered as a class action or as otherwise binding upon all members of the organization except those specifically excluded by name, the Commissioner will take the position in any subsequent suit involving the same issues and a member of the organization that the issues are precluded from further litigation by the member under the doctrines of collateral estoppel or res judi-

§ 10.110 Settlement proposals.

At any time in the course of a proceeding subject to this part, a person may propose settlement of the issues involved. A participant in a proceeding will have an opportunity to consider a proposed settlement. Unaccepted proposals of settlement and related matters, e.g., proposed stipulations not agreed to, will not be admissible in evidence in an FDA administrative proceeding. FDA will oppose the admission in evidence of settlement information in a court proceeding or in another administrative proceeding.

§ 10.115 Good guidance practices.

- (a) What are good guidance practices? Good guidance practices (GGP's) are FDA's policies and procedures for developing, issuing, and using guidance documents.
- (b) What is a guidance document? (1) Guidance documents are documents prepared for FDA staff, applicants/sponsors, and the public that describe the agency's interpretation of or policy on a regulatory issue.
- (2) Guidance documents include, but are not limited to, documents that relate to: The design, production, labeling, promotion, manufacturing, and